HICH Performance Metrics (As of July 31, 2022)

- = Positive change since last period.
- = No change since last period.
- = Negative change since last period.

The following four performance benchmarks are used to evaluate the implementation of the Hawaii State Framework to Address Homelessness and ten-year strategic plan to end homelessness:









COUNT

Number of people experiencing homelessness according to the statewide Point in Time Count.

> **5,973** people (2022 PIT Count)

OAHU: 3,951 people

NI: 2,022 people



CAPACITY

Number of permanent housing beds for people experiencing homelessness in Hawaii.

4984 PH Beds

(2022 HIC Inventory)

OAHU: 3687 Beds

NI: 1297 Beds

HOUSING PLACEMENTS

The percentage of people exiting a homeless program that are placed into permanent housing.

36% Exits to PH

(January 2022 - July 2022)

OAHU: 33% Exits to PH

NI: 46% Exits to PH

LENGTH OF STAY

The average number of days a person is enrolled in a homeless program, such as shelter.

81 days in ES (Oahu)

114 days in ES (Hawaii)

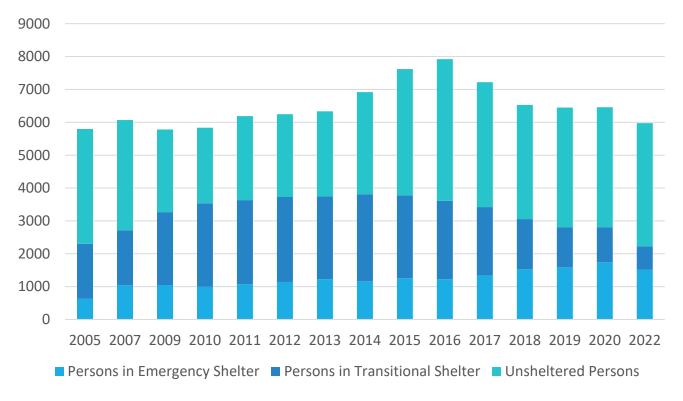
21 days in ES (Kauai)

153 days in ES (Maui)

(July 2022)

HICH Performance Metrics: PIT Count

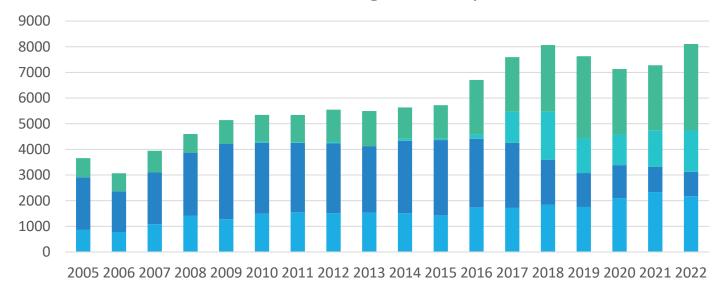




- The 2022 statewide PIT Count was 5,973 individuals the lowest statewide count since 2010. This reflected an overall 7.5% decrease statewide between 2020 and 2022. During the same time period the following changes occurred on the four main islands:
 - OAHU overall count decreased 11.2% (-497)
 - HAWAII overall count increased 5% (+40)
 - **KAUAI** overall count increased 4.7% (+20)
 - MAUI overall count decreased 6.5% (-48)
- Decreases were primarily driven by decreases in family homelessness, and in sheltered homelessness.
- Increases were driven by increases in unsheltered homelessness, particularly among adult-only households.
- The PIT count has multiple limitations, including changes in methodology over time, differences in methodology between jurisdictions, time and weather limitations, and reliance on volunteers and observational counts.

HICH Performance Metrics: Housing Inventory Count





- Permanent Supportive Housing and Other Permanent Housing
- Rapid Rehousing
- Transitional Shelter
- Emergency Shelter & Safe Haven

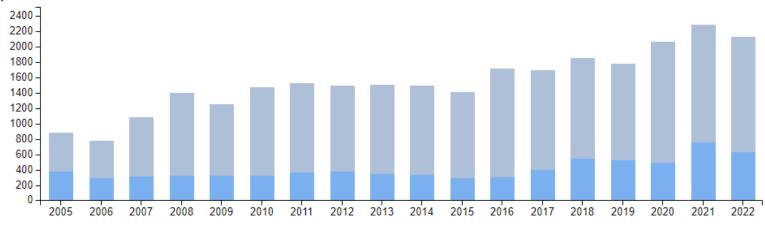
- Since 2015, the composition of beds in the HIC has changed significantly:
 - ES bed inventory increased 52% (+749 beds)
 - TS/TH bed inventory decreased 68% (-1987 beds)
 - RRH inventory increased over 2000% (+1, 558)
 - PSH/OPH inventory increased 158% (+2,067)
- 2022 OPH includes Emergency Housing Vouchers (EHVs) for HPHA, and all counties except Honolulu.
- Trends reflect change in federal, state and local funding and policy.
- TS/TH has in some cases been converted to ES beds.
- Not all OPH inventory is captured in the HIC there may be additional projects prioritizing homeless individuals not included in this count.

Housing Inventory Count: Changes in Emergency Shelter Beds Over Time

EMERGENCY SHELTER INVENTORY

The two Continua of Care track the number of emergency shelter beds and report this data annually to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development as part of the Housing Inventory Count (HIC). Below is a chart that illustrates the number of emergency shelter beds reported each year from 2005 to 2022, and includes a breakdown of beds on Oahu and beds for the neighbor islands (Maui, Kauai, and Hawaii Island).

Statewide Housing Inventory Count – Emergency Shelter Beds (2005 to 2022), Source: Partners in Care and Bridging the Gap.



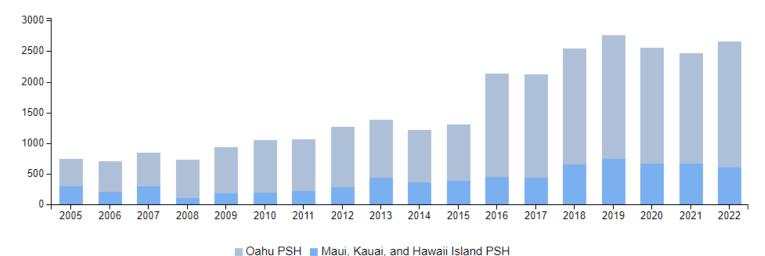
Oahu Emergency Shelter Maui, Kauai, and Hawaii Island Emergency Shelter

Housing Inventory Count: Changes in PSH Beds Over Time

PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING INVENTORY

The two Continua of Care track the number of Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) beds and report this data annually to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development as part of the Housing Inventory Count (HIC). Below is a chart that illustrates the number of PSH beds reported each year from 2005 to 2022, and includes a breakdown of beds on Oahu and beds for the neighbor islands (Maui, Kauai, and Hawaii Island).

Statewide Housing Inventory Count - Permanent Supportive Housing Beds (2005 to 2022), Source: Partners in Care and Bridging the Gap.



HICH Performance Metrics: Permanent Housing Placements



*2022 numbers are as of 07/31/2022

- Percentage of exits to PH overall declined since 2020 This decline does not seem to align with an increase in PH beds counted in the HIC during this period.
- In 2022, there were significantly fewer people exiting from homeless services overall compared to the prior year.
 - 2021: Avg. of 1234 total exits per month (incl. 591 to PH)
 - 2022: Avg. of 856 total exits per month (incl. 310 to PH)
- As of July 2022, the % of exits to PH differ significantly between the CoCs:

■ OAHU: 33% exit to PH

NI: 46% exit to PH

 Limited capacity for PSH and other ongoing subsidies, as well as limited overall rental unit inventory may be contributing to lower PH exit rates in 2022.

Exits to Permanent Housing (PH) by Program-Type and County (Jan 2022 – July 2022)

| | Street Outreach | Emergency Shelter | Transitional Shelter/Housing |
|--------|---|--|--|
| Oahu | 6.0% (95 exits to PH out of 1586 total exits) | 20% (454 exits to PH out of 2,245 total exits) | 43% (163 exits to PH out of 377 total exits) |
| Hawaii | 36% (56 exits to PH out of 154 total exits) | 23% (33 exits to PH out of 145 total exits) | 69% (20 exit to PH out of 29 total exits) |
| Kauai | 27% (29 exits to PH out of 107 total exits) | 18% (3 exits to PH out of 17 total exits) | 33% (3 exit to PH out of 9 total exits) |
| Maui | 25% (80 exits to PH out of 326 total exits) | 44% (92 exits to PH out of 210 total exits) | N/A (No exits in calendar year 2022) |

HICH Performance Metrics: Emergency Shelter LOS

Average Length of Stay in Emergency Shelter

| | Oahu | Maui | Kauai | Hawaii Island |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|
| 2017 | 103 days | 55 days | 85 days | 72 days |
| 2018 | 103 days | 110 days | 103 days | 78 days |
| 2019 | 108 days | 96 days | 94 days | 81 days |
| 2020 | 118 days | 94 days | 73 days | 100 days |
| 2021 | 123 days | 159 days | 103 days | 85 days |
| 2022 (as of 7/31/22) | 124 days | 195 days | 130 days | 98 days |

- Goal is 90 days to exit from emergency shelter stay.
- Length of stay may be impacted by limited housing inventory and housing resources.
- In general, LOS in ES appears to be longer in 2022 than in prior years.
- BTG has a LOS stay dashboard that looks at LOS for stayers vs. leavers, and LOS by exit destination (PH vs. Non-PH).
- Kauai data based on a limited number of exits.

HICH Performance Metrics: Transitional Shelter LOS

Average Length of Stay in Transitional Shelter

| | Oahu | Maui | Kauai | Hawaii Island |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|
| 2017 | 288 days | 110 days | 150 days | 363 days |
| 2018 | 290 days | 187 days | 226 days | 305 days |
| 2019 | 299 days | 116 days | 322 days | 322 days |
| 2020 | 356 days | 182 days | 190 days | 346 days |
| 2021 | 345 days | N/A | 166 days | 395 days |
| 2022 (as of 7/31/22) | 306 days | N/A | 262 days | 593 days |

- Goal is 120 days to exit from transitional shelter stay.
- Length of stay fluctuates by island but tends to be longer on Oahu and Hawaii island.
- Maui data for 2021/2022 is N/A due to no exits from TS/TH during this period.
- Length of stay may be impacted by limited housing inventory and housing resources.